

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1881)

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February 16 1916, Temperature 6 a.m. 59 2 p.m. 64
Humidity 82 72

February 16 1916, Temperature 6 a.m. 55 2 p.m. 60
Humidity 83 72

WEATHER FORECAST

FAIR

Barometer 30.06

EXPANDED METAL

3147 日五十月正

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1916

四拜禮 號七十月五亥港 136 PER ANNUM

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

GERMANS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES IN THE WEST.

REASONS FOR THE LIVELINESS SHOWN BY THE GERMAN FLEET.

The Russians Capture Fifteen Forts at Erzerum.

AMERICA CONCEDES ALLIES' POINT REGARDING ARMED MERCHANTMEN.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

THE ARMING OF MERCHANTMEN.

A POINTED QUERY FOR AUSTRIA AND GERMANY.

February 16, 2.10 a.m.
According to a message from Washington it is understood that the United States will shortly ask Austria and Germany how they intend to determine whether merchantmen are armed before sinking them without warning. It is explained that the American Memorandum to the Entente regarding the arming of merchantmen was sent solely in the interests of humanity and was not intended to change established practices.

AMERICA UPHOLDS THE ALLIES' VIEWPOINT.

February 16, 12.10 p.m.
Reuter's Washington correspondent says it is announced that the United States concedes the point that the Entente is within the rights of international law in arming merchantmen for defence. The announcement further states that the American Government cannot approve of Germany's intention of torpedoing armed merchantmen, and the United States has no intention of changing the law on the subject of the arming of merchantmen.

THE CANADIAN FIRE

OF INCENDIARY ORIGIN.

February 16, 1.30 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Ottawa, during the investigation into the Parliament Buildings fire, the Chief of the Fire Brigade expressed the opinion that it was incendiary in origin. Mr. Sproule, ex-Speaker, concurred and mentioned that warnings against incendiarism had been received when he was Speaker.

A NEW MACE FROM LONDON.

February 16, 1.30 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Ottawa states that the Government has gratefully accepted from the Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs of London a new mace for Parliament. It is sending a portion of the old mace, found in the ruins after the fire, to be incorporated in the new one.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

GERMAN WASTAGE OF STRENGTH.

February 16, 1.30 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris, it is semi-officially stated that the Germans are trying hard to exploit a semblance of military successes gained in local attacks. The assaults in Artois was long prepared and was preceded by formidable mine explosions, which took months to arrange, and by a long bombardment. Nevertheless, the Germans have merely gained a footing at a few points, from which they have been driven out by grenades. Their losses are entirely disproportionate to the results obtained, amounting to half of the very large number of effectives engaged.

FRENCH RECAPTURE MORE GROUND.

February 16, 4.25 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris, a communique says:—We have recaptured more ground at Tabane.

ANOTHER STEAMER SUNK.

February 16, 4.05 p.m.
The steamer Tergeste has been sunk off the East Coast. The crew has been landed.

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

CLIMATE ALLOWANCE.

FOR SERVICES IN THE RED SEA.

February 16, 4.05 p.m.
An Order-in-Council grants a daily climate allowance of three shillings to commissioned officers, a shilling to warrant officers and sixpence to members of ships' companies on vessels employed for more than ten days in the Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden between the 33rd and 50th Meridians, taking effect from June 1, 1916.

GERMAN FLEET ACTIVITY.

THE REASON EXPLAINED.

February 16, 12.10 p.m.
It is opined that the recent liveliness by the German Fleet is due to the appointment of the new Commander-in-Chief in succession to Admiral Pohl, whose resignation was mentioned in a cable on the 5th inst., and to the commissioning of new vessels. There was similar activity last year when Admiral Pohl was appointed.

FOREIGN SERVICE.

AN ORDER TO KENT TERRITORIAL OFFICERS.

February 16, 12.10 p.m.
The Kent Territorial officers who signed for Home Service have been officially informed that they must undertake the obligation for Foreign Service or resign their commissions.

THE RUSSIAN CAPTURES.

FIFTEEN FORTS TAKEN.

February 16, 12.10 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says that the forts captured by the Russians at Erzerum belong to the outer line, comprising fifteen forts situated on heights varying from four to sixteen miles from the citadel. The intervening ground is marshy.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on Page 8.]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

ENEMY SUBSTANTIALLY OUTWEIGHED IN MAN-POWER.

February 16, 7.00 p.m.
Reuter's special correspondent at Headquarters in France writes that without attempting to indicate figures he may definitely state that along our line of front we substantially outweigh the enemy in man-power. New drafts still come to these and they undergo the process of tuning-up within the atmosphere and sound of war before going into the trenches. Thus the plains of Flanders are transformed into a vast Aldershot where troops are always learning something new in the never-ending development of war. Constant exercises, variety of training and relaxation in sport go far to maintain an admirable cheerfulness and fitness among the soldiers far back from the firing line, but always within the sound of guns. Troops are perpetually being reserved for victory, so bombing schools, machine-gun schools, flying schools are bustling resorts from dawn to dark.

GERMANS ENTER BRITISH TRENCHES.

February 16, 12.15 a.m.
A communique says that last night, after a heavy bombardment of the whole front of the Ypres salient and south of Hooge, the enemy made several infantry attacks and broke into our front trench on a front of six hundred yards between Ypres and the Commines Canal and the Ypres-Commines railway. All other attacks failed and heavy bombardments by both sides continue.

GERMAN POSITIONS SHELLED.

February 16, 1.55 a.m.
A Paris communique says that the day has been relatively quiet. Our trench guns in Artois bombarded enemy organisations in the vicinity of the Lille road. Our batteries west of the Oise bombarded a train and a supply convoy in the station at Epigny, north of Vio-sur-Aisne. During a destructive bombardment of German works north-east of Soissons, we exploded a mine at Fille Morte, Argonne, occupying the crater. Our artillery in Upper Alsace all day shelled German positions east of Seppois.

A FAMOUS BRIGADE.

February 16, 5.25 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Johannesburg telegraphs that it is proposed to reform the Second Mounted Brigade under General Bull. The Brigade is famous for its exploits in Damaland.

WAR TELEGRAMS.

ON THE ITALIAN FRONT.

AIR RAID ON SCHIO.

February 15, 5.25 p.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Vienna, enemy aeroplanes have bombed Schio. Six persons were killed and some injured.

ENEMY AIR RAID ON RIMINI.

February 16, 11.15 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Rome says that enemy aeroplanes bombed Rimini at four o'clock in the morning. There was slight damage and two civilians were wounded.

GERMAN SOLDIERS QUARREL.

February 15, 5.25 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says that violent disturbances have broken out among the Germans at Vilna. A lieutenant has been killed, and forty officers and many soldiers court-martialled.

GERMANS CAPTURE STEAMER AND REMOVE CARGO.

February 16, 11.55 p.m.
The s.s. Ceylon bound from India was chased in the North Sea by a German cruiser, taken to a German port, a quantity of steel rails removed and was then released. She resumed the voyage, but her coal became exhausted owing to violent gales. She had to enter Queenstown to replenish her bunkers.

THE REASSEMBLING OF PARLIAMENT.

MR. ASQUITH ON BRITAIN'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

February 15, 7.35 p.m.
In the course of his speech at the reassembling of Parliament, Mr. Asquith said Britain's responsibilities were more varied and more complex than those of her Allies. For example, the Navy was the most powerful and most diverse combination of fleets that had ever sailed the ocean. Its work was unobtrusive. There were few of the spectacular adventures which had lit up the naval annals of the past. Nevertheless, with unexampled efficiency, the Navy had defended our shores and neutralised the aggressive power of the German fleet (Cheers). It had cleared the high seas and had displayed the best British traditions (loud cheers). The number of men from Britain in the fighting line was ten times the original expeditionary force and would be greater with the Dominion troops. Mr. Asquith concluded by saying that in addition to tremendous drain on our manhood, we had had to help to the utmost to finance our Allies and the Dominions, and had to supply necessities and shipping. This was a gigantic and unprecedented task. There had been mistakes and miscalculations, but long strides had been taken towards a solution of it. Our financial liabilities outstanding on January 1 would impose a sensible drain on the resources of the country for a generation. There was no prospect of a reduction in the cost of £5,000,000 daily, but he had never been a pessimist. If he had been he would not be one to-day (Cheers). Our financial burden must be met by large additional taxation, by maintaining the productive activity of our export trade, and by the most rigid economy on the part of all good citizens. Thus, we shall sustain the burden, and the strain will not be greater than we can bear (loud cheers).

LORD KITCHENER'S HOPEFUL STATEMENT.

February 15, 8.10 p.m.
In the House of Lords, Earl Kitchener, reviewing operations, announced that although the Indians had been withdrawn from France the British were materially increased by eight divisions of a new army, and adequate preparations had been made against any threatened invasion of Egypt. General Aymer was awaiting further reinforcements before advancing. Earl Kitchener mentioned how seriously the numbers immediately obtainable under the Derby scheme had been affected by exemptions, but he hoped soon to be able to reassure the House the chances of obtaining the numbers required. He explained that at the outset the Allies were hampered at Salonica owing to inadequate harbour and railway facilities. Reviewing the roles of the Allies, he said the morale of the French was now at its highest level. The Italians showed splendid courage and he was sure, despite the strength of the enemy's position, the Allies would eventually push the attack home. Russia was now reorganised and equipped. The activity of the people in munition-making demonstrated determination to win. Though the Senussi attempts on the western flank in Egypt, which hitherto had resulted in complete failure and disaster, which caused a certain feeling of uneasiness, the admirable loyalty of the Egyptians was an effective barrier to raiders penetrating cultivated areas. The operations in Mesopotamia, hitherto controlled from India, had now come under the direction of the War Office. The behaviour of the British and Indian troops had been worthy of our army traditions, and he hoped the operations before long would reach a satisfactory stage. General Townshend reported sufficient supplies for a considerable period. Referring to the change of command in France, Earl Kitchener said that Viscount French had had on his shoulders seventeen months of ceaseless activity in the field. His duties now were to command the Home forces and co-ordinate duties of the highest importance, requiring central control. His invaluable services had placed us all under an obligation to him. General Sir Douglas Haig's brilliant record and high soldierly reputation were sufficient to warrant the country's confidence in his success. Earl Kitchener concluded by an assurance of his complete confidence in a victorious issue, and in the passing of years for many generations. (Continued on page 8.)

TELEGRAMS.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

CONDENSED.

The French have recaptured more ground at Tabane.

The steamer Tergeste has been sunk off the East Coast.

The United States has no intention of changing the law on the subject of the arming of merchantmen.

It is announced that the American Government cannot approve of Germany's intention of torpedoing armed merchantmen.

It is semi-officially stated that the Germans are trying hard to exploit a semblance of military successes gained in local attacks.

The Canadian Government has gratefully accepted from the Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs of London a new mace for Parliament.

The German losses in the West are entirely disproportionate to the results obtained, amounting to half of the very large number of effectives engaged.

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During the investigation into the Canadian Parliament Buildings fire, the Chief of the Fire Brigade expressed the opinion that it was incendiary in origin.

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DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Kowloon Land and Building Co.—Meeting of shareholders; noon.

Sanitary Board Election.—4.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.

Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.

Saturday, February 19.

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.—Meeting of shareholders; noon.

Monday, February 21.

The Races.

Tuesday, February 22.

The Races.

Wednesday, February 23.

The Races.

Friday, February 25.

China Provident Loan and Mortgage Co.—Meeting of shareholders; 11.30 a.m.

Saturday, February 26.

Boxing Competitions at the V.R.C.

Saturday, February 26.

The Races (O.E.D.).

Thursday, March 2.

H.K. and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co.—Meeting of shareholders; 11.30 a.m.

GENERAL NEWS.

Dog's Flesh on Sale in Vienna.
The Wiener Tageblatt announces the opening, in the Bothenstrasse, Vienna, of the first butcher's shop for the sale of dogs' flesh.

World's Motor-Cycling Record.
Melbourne, Jan. 12.—Erwin Baker, the American motorcyclist, has covered 930 miles in twenty-four hours here. This is claimed to be a world's record.

Boy Jockey's Spring into Fame.
Frank Dempsey, the sixteen-year-old lad who rode the winner of the Caulfield Cup, Lavender, has suddenly sprung into fame. Fifteen months ago he was unknown, but this season he has already ridden 23 winners.

Six Negroes Killed in Race Riot.
Blakely, Georgia, Dec. 30.—Four negroes were shot and killed, two burned to death in a negro cabin, and four white men hurt, in a series of pitched battles near here to-day, growing out of the killing last night of Henry Villipue, a plantation overseer.

Mrs. Rockefeller's Estate.
Mrs. John D. Rockefeller's estate is valued at \$1,381,000 which includes no securities of the Standard Oil Co. or the subsidiaries. Her largest bond holding was \$181,982 Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s., and the only other holdings above \$40,000 were \$54,153 Western Maryland first 4s. and \$42,729 Atlantic Coast Line.

Amateur Lady Swimmer's Success.

At a swimming gala at Seacombe, Miss Constance M. Jeans, Nottingham, was successful in breaking the 150 yards English ladies' swimming record. Miss Jeans endeavored to break the 100 yards and 150 yards, but failed at the former, only covering the distance in 1 min. 12 3/4 sec., but finishing with a powerful stroke she completed the 150 yards in 1 min. 58 1/2 sec., thus breaking the previous record, held by Miss Daisy Curwen, by 1 4/5 sec.

A New Turf Fraud in Australia.
A new turf fraud has been discovered in Australia, where a man named Maloney was charged with tampering with the scales at Coomab racecourse and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment with hard labour. The evidence was to the effect that portion of the earth under the floor of the weighing-room had been removed, the flooring had been partially sawed through, and in the cavity of the floor were a piece of wire hooked at one end, a brick, and several of iron. The weight of the jockey on the scales could be affected by a weight on the end of the wire.

Japanese Professor's Discovery.
In August last Mr. Niobe Kumitani, teacher of natural history in the Saitama Normal School, collected about a hundred stones among the mountains between Itoiyama, Omi province, and Mikuni-dake. He has since been analysing some of the stones collected, and has discovered that an extensive granite vein exists between the northern part of Higashi-Arai-gun, Omi province, and Ibi-gun, Mino province, containing radium ore. Dr. Hiki, of the Kyoto Imperial University, is proceeding to the place for inspection.

Germany's Mark on Art Treasures.

Paris, Jan. 10.—The Journal announces that with the approval of the Under Secretary for Fine Arts—who under difficult circumstances worthily carries out his duties—it is going to illustrate the work of German vandalism in a display which will be one of very pathetic interest.

In this exhibition will be shown a collection of some of the most important remnants of our art treasures—statues, pictures, jewellery, enamel, carved woodwork, antique furniture, books, masterpieces in ironwork—all miserably damaged, but which still retain beneath the painful scars of recent infliction signs of their former beauty.

If you have lost your appetite or one of the big variety of dainties at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

NOTICES.

MOUTRIE PIANOS

SOUND INVESTMENT

FORTY YEARS EXPERIENCE

EMBODIED IN THE MANUFACTURE

AND

Backed by Guarantee

FOR

FIVE YEARS.

CASH OR EASY TERMS.

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.

GENERAL NEWS.

Sculptor's Tragic End.

Paris, Jan. 10.—The Petit Parisien announces the death in Paris of the famous Italian sculptor, Signor Rembrandt Bugatti, who was found unconscious in his studio suffering from gas poisoning. He was taken to the Laennec Hospital, where he expired some hours later.

World Famous Yacht as Hospital Ship.

Lord Brassey has given the Government of India his steam yacht Sunbeam, lying at Bombay fitted for hospital purposes. The Viceroy has expressed his warmest gratitude for the splendid gift. The Sunbeam is one of the most famous steam yachts in the world, and her ocean wanderings since she was built in 1874 constitute a truly remarkable record, for they represent a total of well over 300,000 knots. Lord Brassey has visited almost every part of the British Empire, and his cruise round the world in 1876-7 furnished the materials for that unique record, "The Voyage of the Sunbeam." It was on board the Sunbeam that Lady Brassey died from malarial fever in 1887 during a voyage to India and the colonies.

Education Scandal in Yokohama.

On January 21 Mr. Miyake Naoshige, head of the Education Department in the Yokohama City Office, was removed to prison on a charge of bribery. Abe Junzo, formerly in the service of the Education Department in the Kanagawa Prefectural Office, has also been arrested on the same charge, while principals of elementary schools in Yokohama are being examined in connection with the case. It is alleged that Miyake used to change the postings of school teachers on payment by those who wanted desirable posts. The Hoichi is daily regaling its readers with stories about how school teachers in Yokohama and Tokyo exact "presents" from their pupils and live luxuriously on them.—Japan Chronicle.

Cousin to the King of Serbia.

Herman Marchowitch, second cousin to King Peter of Serbia, and for the past fifteen years employed as a porter furriers, died in the Bellevue Hospital New York from a fractured skull received during an altercation. The New York Evening Post says that Marchowitch was returning from his lunch at the time, and got into an argument with an Austrian, whose son, Joseph Dodich, seventeen years old, interfered and struck Marchowitch on the head with his fist. Marchowitch fell, his head striking the pavement. He was forty years old and was the son of Prince John of Serbia, who emigrated to America in 1862, became a naturalized citizen, and engaged in the furrier's business in New York until his death in 1905. Prince John's daughter, Mrs. Louis Landay, continued his business.

A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

LEADING EVENTS IN THE GREAT WAR.

(Extracts from the war news contained in the "Hongkong Telegraph" of February 17, 1915.)

Two New Squadrons in Battle Line.

The Daily Chronicle deduces from Mr. Churchill's speech that two new squadrons of Royal Sovereigns and Queen Elizabeths, armed with fifteen-inch guns, are now in the battle line.

A Count Bernstorff Rumour.
According to a message from Washington, Count Bernstorff's Note says that Germany's war zone proclamation is in retaliation for what he terms British violation of international law in attempting to starve the non-combatant population of Germany. He says that the German Government is informed that British merchantmen have been armed and ordered to sail in groups with a view of trying to sink German submarines and there can be no question of searching such merchantmen, which are warships. The Note urges neutral ships to go round Scotland outside the war zone, and it is announced that Germany intends to sow mines in the waters round the British Isles. The Note concludes by pointing out that this is not a reply to the recent American Note, which will shortly be transmitted. It is removed, in Berlin that Count Bernstorff has been recalled, but it is unknown whether only temporarily or in disgrace.

A Dutch Note to Germany.
Reuter's correspondent at the Hague states that the Dutch Government has addressed a Note to Germany declaring that the grievances Germany has formulated in general terms against neutral countries are unfounded so far as the Netherlands are concerned and says that neutral vessels are entitled to demand a thorough examination as to their nationality. The Dutch Government has also intimated to Great Britain its objection to the latter's attitude regarding the employment of neutral flags by merchantmen.

Germany's Correspondent at Washington states that Count Bernstorff has presented a formal Note stating that Germany is willing to consider the abandonment of the proposed attacks on British merchantmen if Britain will allow the passage of foodstuffs for civilians.

Dutch Honour for Sir D. Bruce.
In forwarding the Leewards Medal to Sergeant General Sir D. Bruce, in recognition of his researches into sleeping sickness and Malaria, Professor Lorenz, president of the Dutch Academy, mentions, says Reuter, that Sir David is the fifth winner of this decoration. "It is peculiarly gratifying," says the professor, "that the medal has now been awarded to a member of the Royal Society, in which Leewards found a lively interest for his discovery."

Prepaid Advertisements

ONE CENT PER WORD FOR EACH INSERTION.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Three-roomed Flats in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.

Four-roomed flats in May Road, with every modern convenience, including English baths and kitchen ranges, hot water and water carriage system. A few flats specially designed to accommodate three bachelors at reasonable rentals. Immediate possession.

Four-roomed Houses in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.

Two roomed-flats in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to—

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

Alexandra Buildings.

TO LET.—Offices at 2 Connaught Road.

Offices in King's Buildings.

Offices in Des Voeux Road Central.

Houses in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road.

New Houses in Broadway Terrace.

Houses at the Peak.

No. 1 Moreton Terrace, Causeway Bay.

Godowns at Wanchai.

No. 1, 2 and 3 West End Terrace Canton.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY

Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—Two houses in "Stonehouse", No. 5, Robinson Road. Newly done-up and remodelled.

Each house contains downstairs two good rooms and upstairs three bedrooms, each with bathroom.

"Outhouses and Grass tennis court."

Shortly available for occupation.

Apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.

TO LET.—First Class shop in Chater Road, whole or part; lane at rear. Apply Clarke & Co.

TO LET.—Office on 1st Floor, No. 14, Pedder Street.

Apply Property Office, JAR-DINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong 15th September, 1915.

TO LET.

TO LET.—A House in Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY

Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—"La Hacienda" E. No. 74 Mount Kallett Road.

Chater's Bungalow, No. 66 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to CHATER and MODY, 5 Queen's Road Central.

TO LET.—No. 8 Seymour Terrace back entrance by Robinson Road. Apply A. E. c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—From 1st April first floor Masonic Hall Annex occupied by the Italian Consul-General. Suitable as an Office. Moderate rent. Apply to Secretary Masonic Hall.

TO LET.—41, The Peak, adjoining Peak Club for six months. Furnished. Garden. F. C. Jenkin, Prince's Buildings.

TO LET.—Office 5, Dr. d'ell Street, now in occupation of Messrs. Bodecker & Co.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Typewriting; Manuscript of every kind accurately and neatly typed at short notice by Englishman. Terms 30 cents per folio. Commercial correspondence in English for Chinese business gentlemen a specialty. Write "Despatch," "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One 10 1/2 B.H.P. Homsey Ackroyd Oil Engine complete with and coupled direct of one 6 K.W. Continuous Current Shunt Wound Dynamo to 50/70 volts with shunt regulator. ALSO One Switchboard for Accumulators. Dynamo, etc., complete with instruments for 100 Amps. For further particulars apply to Messrs. Linstead & Davis, Alexandra Buildings.

NOTICES.

WELLS FARGO & CO EXPRESS.

FORWARDERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SHIPPING OF TOURISTS' BAGGAGE AND PURCHASES. TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES CASHED.

B. MONTEITH WEBB & CO., Representatives.
1a, Chater Road.
Phone No. 1500.

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WING ON CO., LTD.

DES VOEUX ROAD.

THE STORE FOR EVERYTHING AND FOR EVERYBODY.

Largest and Most Complete Stock in the Colony.

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NOTICES.

FULL FLAVOUR COMBINED WITH



Masterson Freres

EGYPT'S GREATEST HIGH-CLASS CIGARETTE FACTORY.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

JUST ARRIVED

AMERICAN CHOCOLATES.

IN HALF POUND,

ONE POUND,

AND

TWO POUND BOXES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

THEO. VAFIADIS & CO.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

Imperial Bouquet	per 100	\$5.00
Extra Fine (Grand Format)	100	4.40
Crown Prince	100	4.40
Nectar (Gold Tipped)	100	4.40
Yildiz	25	1.00
Club Size	10	.35
Non Plus Ultra	100	3.30
"	50	1.70
Superfine	100	2.00
Fine	100	2.00

Sole Agents:

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.

HOTEL MANSIONS.

DISS BROS.

English Tailors.

80, 1, WYNDHAM ST. (FLOWER ST.)

Established 1908.



N. LAZARUS,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN.

WAR AND HEADACHES.

Have you noticed that your eyes are much more tired and that you have headaches since the war started? Everyone is reading two or three times as many papers as usual. Their additional reading causes eyestrain in eyes which had been previously capable of doing all the work they were asked to do. If your eyes were perfect, or if you had correctly fitted glasses, you could read all day without tiring your eyes.

We make no charge for testing your eyes, therefore if your eyes tire call in and ask if you need glasses.

N. LAZARUS

NOTE CHANGE OF ADDRESS: OPTHALMIC OPTICIAN 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

NOCERA UMBRA

Pure Sparkling

TABLE WATER

FROM ITALIAN ALPINE SPRINGS

\$275 A DOZEN FINE BOTTLES.

DETAINABLE AT

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY, 14 Queen's Road Central ALONE OF WITH DRINKS—IT CAN'T BE BEATEN

A HONGKONG JUBILEE.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK CELEBRATES
50TH YEAR OF INCORPORATED EXISTENCE.

THE PAST, THE PRESENT AND THE FUTURE.

It may not be widely known that the present year witnesses the Jubilee of the premier banking organisation of the Far East—the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation. The 100th meeting of shareholders in the Bank is being held on Saturday, these gatherings having hitherto been held half-yearly, and no doubt the occurrence of the Jubilee will be referred to on this noteworthy occasion. From the date of its inception onwards, the Bank has shown a record of steady and uninterrupted progress, and by skilful management, has forced its way ahead in spite of times of stress which would have crippled organisations built on a less solid foundation and controlled by less able and experienced financiers. To-day it holds a position among the leading banking institutions of the world, of which the Colony—its birthplace—can reasonably feel extremely proud. The tremendous factor it is in Far Eastern finance and commerce, the part it has played in consolidating British interests in the Orient, and the influence it has wielded in matters pertaining to the advancement of China, are known and acknowledged in business, financial and political circles in practically every quarter of the globe. And it is a happy circumstance, on which the Bank and its stockholders may well feel gratified, that it celebrates its 50th birthday at a time when it may be said to have attained the zenith of its power and prosperity.

The Origin of the Bank.

Although as an incorporated institution the Bank now completes the 50th year of its existence, it is worth recalling that its foundations were laid in July, 1861, when the firm of Messrs. Dent and Company issued the prospectus of what was then known as the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company, to be later incorporated by Charter. By the terms of that prospectus, the Company commenced operations with a capital of five million dollars in 20,000 shares of 250 dollars each. Commenting on the inauguration of the Bank, Dr. Eitel, in his well-known History of Hongkong, remarks that the fact that this new venture was undertaken when there were already six banking institutions in the Colony indicated the views then taken of the growing prosperity of Hongkong. The banks he referred to were the Agrarian and United Service Bank (Henry Noble), the Central Bank of Western India (W. M. Davidson), the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China (A. Hay Anderson), the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China (W. Osmiston), the Commercial Bank of India (P. E. Harper), and the Oriental Bank Corporation (W. Lamond). The broad international basis on which this new banking enterprise was constructed is observable from the names of the merchants who formed its provisional committee, namely Messrs. F. Osmiston, A. F. Heard, Thomas Fairbairn, G. F. Maclean, D. Loppak, W. Nissen, H. E. Lemann, W. Schmidt, A. Saseoon, E. Brand, Pallanjee Framjee, W. Adamson, G. J. Holland and Rustomjee Dhunjeeshaw.

The Incorporation. In its original form, the Bank entered upon its duties on January 1, 1865, with Mr. V. Kresner as its manager, and was, it is interesting to note, the first to profit by the Limited Liability provisions of the Trading Companies Ordinance of that year. The Company started under favourable auspices, and so confident were its shareholders, that in February, 1866, they decided to convert the Bank into a corporation by Charter. The Ordinance for the incorporation of the Company, constituting it "the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation," was passed on August 14, 1866, the object set forth therein being "for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking and of conducting all

business usually transacted by bankers." The capital mentioned in the preamble to the Ordinance was five million dollars, divided into 40,000 shares of \$125 each.

Ups and Downs.

The stability of the new Corporation was very early put to the test, for in November, 1866, a period of commercial stagnation set in and continued until the fall of the year 1869. In 1867, a number of leading firms suspended payment, there being a general lack of confidence in all mercantile branches. As a consequence, even the scrip of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank began to drop, and continued for some time, to drop, although the Directors denied, under threat of prosecution, the reports current as to the cause of it. Moreover, they declared on August 28, 1867, after providing for the losses entailed by the failure of Dent and Company, a dividend of six per cent for the half year. The Bank continued to pay substantial dividends until August 1874, when the Directors declared themselves unable to make any return to shareholders. They complained of heavy losses and failures all round, and in March, 1875, the Bank, though carefully managed in the face of adverse surroundings, was still in the same position, so much so that a Commission of Enquiry was suggested. But, to again quote Dr. Eitel, "in September, 1876, the Bank had fully recovered lost ground, changed its manager, rid itself of encumbered estates, and paid 21 dividend per share, and on 15th February, 1877, whilst continuing to pay the same dividend, the Bank increased its Reserve Fund to half a million dollars, which called forth, in favour of the Chairman of Directors (Mr. E. Bellios) and the new Manager (Mr. Thomas Jackson), votes of thanks by the very men who stated at the time that, 18 months previous, they had thought very hard things about the prospects of the Bank." Depressed conditions continued to prevail in commercial circles for some years, but the Bank was well and carefully managed, and in 1874 it completed a loan to the Imperial Chinese Government of \$600,000 at 8 per cent, the whole of the revenues of the Imperial Maritime Customs being pledged as security therefor. The Bank attained to a commanding position in China trade in 1880, and year after year it has continued to make substantial additions to its Reserve Fund, the original intention of the Directors, it may be noted, being to bring that Fund to a level with half the amount of the paid-up capital.

The Position To-day.

Keeping pace with its progress, the Bank has steadily grown in favour among investors. So far back as 1882 its shares stood at 116 per cent premium, and to-day, though their par value is the same as at the date of incorporation, they are quoted at \$229. Its capital has also crept up as the years have sped by, and it now stands at fifteen million dollars, the calls on the whole 120,000 shares having been paid up. In addition, the Bank now has Reserve Funds totalling \$33,600,000, while the Reserve liability of the proprietors is \$15,000,000. The period of incorporation was originally for 21 years from the date of the Ordinance of 1860 but it was continued for a further term of 21 years in 1887 (the Ordinance sanctioning this being amended in 1901), and for yet a further period of 21 years commencing from and including August 14, 1908, this taking us to August 14, 1929. It may be mentioned that by the terms of the incorporating Ordinance of 1866 it was provided that the total amount of bills and notes put into actual circulation by the Bank should not exceed the amount of the paid-up capital, though there was a proviso to the effect that the Corporation could

"A SORT OF PARTY."

Gambling Prosecution Falls.

Mr. Hasland's court this morning was crowded with defendants in a gambling case, thirty-nine men appearing out of forty-two charged. Two were charged with keeping a common gaming house, at 119, Hollywood Road, and the other 39 were charged with visiting the house for gaming.

It appeared that P. C. Stimson and eight lookongs visited the premises at about 10.30 last evening, and on entering the room found that a "sing-song" was in progress, and the men were all round one table playing "ngau-pa." The music at once stopped and about ten men got clear before the police could properly surround the room. A difficulty presented itself in getting the men to the station, and eventually they had to be tied together with string.

His Worship ordered that the two men who had failed to appear should have their bail of \$5 each forfeited.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner defended the two men charged with keeping the house, and said that it was not a gaming house at all, but a private dwelling and the principal tenant was giving a sort of party. All these men had been invited and there were a band and singing girls present.

Mr. Gardiner called evidence to prove this.

His Worship said he was satisfied that the place was not kept as a gaming house and he ordered all the defendants to be discharged.

CHINA COAST OFFICERS.

Splendid Contributions to War Fund.

After collecting a total, since the war began, of over \$27,000, the China Coast Officers' Guild has decided to close the Prince of Wales' War Fund and devote the contributions collected to such other war funds as H. B. M.'s Consul General at Shanghai may indicate.

The contribution of so large a sum from the few captains and officers employed in the Northern trade certainly speaks well for the generosity of seafarers who have been unable to follow their desires and go home to fight, the greater number having contributed ten per cent of their salaries from the commencement of the war.

make a note issue in excess of this amount on condition that there be deposited with the Hongkong Government an amount of coin or bullion equal to the whole value of such excess issue. Accordingly we find that to-day the notes in circulation are represented by a sum of fifteen million dollars, while the additional issue against coin lodged with the Government reaches the sum of \$10,562,488. The past year's operations of the Bank have been wonderfully successful, in spite of the war, and the handsome profits made will permit of a sum of \$500,000 being written off Bank Premises Account, and a final dividend of \$2 3/4, being paid, as well as a bonus of five shillings a share. Moreover, a balance of well over three million dollars can be carried to New Profit and Loss Account. A fact which must be recorded is that during the past year the Bank's former holding of Consols was disposed of and the various other securities transferred out of the Sterling Reserve Fund, the investments in which now consist of \$1,500,000 1/2 per cent British War Loan, which stand in the books at par.

The Bank to-day is thus in an enviable sound and prosperous position. It holds its high place in the world's finances. It remains the biggest factor in banking and commercial circles in the Far East. It is now, happily, an all-British institution. And it enters upon the 51st year of its incorporated existence full of vigour and power, doubtless to play an even bigger role than ever before in its long and honourable history.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

SOME OF OUR
BY-PRODUCTS AND SPECIALITIES.

CORNER BEEF, CORNER PORK,
VARIETY OF SAUSAGES
PRESSED BEEF, COOKED HAM,
DRIPPING, LARD,
CORNER TONGUES, SMOKED TONGUES,
PORK PIES, GAME PIES.
WHICH CANNOT BE EXCELLED FOR QUALITY.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued to-day by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, D.S.P. (Reserve) state:—

Route March.
All ranks at Central Station at 2.45 p.m. on Saturday, February 19th. Uniform, Helmets and Rifles. Men to whom Helmet spikes have not been issued will wear white Mushroom Tops.

Mounted Police.
P. C. K. Hussein and O. Arouli, No. 4 Platoon, No. 1 Company, are transferred to the Mounted Police.

Joined.

No. 1 Platoon No. 1 Company.
D. A. Caldwell, H. W. Ray.
No. 2 Company.—R. A. Remedios, T. E. Rocha.

No. 4 Company.—Chiu San Wai, Luk Wing Hop, Lam Kin Ting, Ho Tin Fan, Hiu King Tai, Leung Hon Sang, Tsang Wing Ching, Fung Kan.

Ambulance Company.—Tsang Tang Fook, Tsang Lai Yan, Chan Wong Chi.

Boglers.—Chan Ting In, Chan King Cheung, Kong Shi Hon. Summer Uniform Amended Orders.

Platoons will attend at Central Station for measuring as follows: Friday, February 18th 5.30 p.m. No. 1 Platoon, No. 1 Co.

Thursday, February 24th 6.00 p.m. No. 2 Platoon, No. 1 Co. (at Water Police Station).

Friday, February 25th, 5.30 p.m.—Nos. 1 and 2 Platoons, No. 3 Company.

Wednesday, March 1st, 5.30 p.m.—Nos. 2 and 4 Platoons, No. 3 Company.

Thursday, March 2nd, 5.30 p.m.—Ambulance Company.

Orchestra.
Friday, February 18th.—All members will attend Practice at 6 p.m. sharp.

TO-DAY'S
ADVERTISEMENTS.

RACE HOLIDAYS.

The Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of EXCHANGE BUSINESS on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY the 21st, 22nd, and 23rd, instant at 11.45 a.m. Hongkong, 16th February, 1916.

SANITARY BOARD
ELECTION.

TO THE ELECTORS.

Gentlemen.
At the request of several prominent residents of the Colony, I have decided to offer myself as a candidate at the forthcoming election to the Sanitary Board. I therefore venture to place before you my qualifications as follows:—

(1) Fellow—late Lecturer and Member of the Executive Council Incorporated Institute of Hygiene, London.

(2) Late Lecturer in Biology, Demonstrator in Physiology, and Member of School Council, Middlesex Hospital, London.

(3) Professor of Physiology and Biology, University of Hongkong.

Should I be successful in obtaining your confidence and be elected, it will always be my endeavour to support the adoption of those sanitary measures which modern science shows are so necessary for the preservation of health and the prevention of disease.

Yours Faithfully,
H. G. FARLE, M.A. M.B. (Cantab).
Hongkong University.
February 14, 1916.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

RACE MEETING, 1916.

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY (OFF-DAY).

FEBRUARY 21st, 22nd, 23rd and 24th.

TICKETS of ADMISSION to the GRAND STAND and ENCLOSURE may be obtained from Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, Ltd., or at the Gate. Price 47 for the Meeting (excluding the Off-Day), or 53 per day. Tickets for the Off-Day, 52.

No one is admitted without a Ticket, to be shown to the Ticket Inspector at the Gate.

T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, 16th February, 1916.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE STEWARDS request the pleasure of the presence of the LADIES at the GRAND STAND and the ENCLOSURE during the Races.

A Stand and the Enclosure will be reserved for Members and Members' Wives and Families. Tickets for which are being sent out with the Members' Tickets.

All Tickets must be produced to gain admission.

Special accommodation will be reserved as in recent years for Chinese Ladies and their Female attendants in the Stand erected on the plot of ground next to the Lusitania Club Stand.

T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, 16th February, 1916.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

PASSES for Servants will be issued on application to the Undersecretary on SATURDAY, 19th instant.

No Servants will be allowed inside the ENCLOSURE of the Race Course during the Race Day WITHOUT TICKETS, which can be had on application to the Undersecretary. These Tickets are only available for Servants while in attendance on their employers or when on duty at the various Stands.

Any Chinese found loitering about with Servants' passes in their possession will forfeit them, and the holders thereof will be removed from the Enclosure.

T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, 16th February, 1916.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

FRIDAY, the 25th February 1916 commencing at 2.30 p.m. at No. 10, Stewart Terrace, The Peak.

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture and 1 Cottage piano by Rosnkantz.

Full particulars from catalogue) On view from Thursday the 24th inst.

Terms: Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 17th February, 1916.

RACES, 1916

LATEST STYLES

IN

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

NOW SHOWING AT

MACKINTOSH & CO. LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists,

18, DES VŒUX ROAD.

COLUMBIA

DOUBLE DISC

RECORDS

\$1.50

FIT YOUR MACHINE.

THERE ARE HUNDREDS OF COLUMBIA RECORDS AT THIS PRICE OF \$1.50

ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD. Tel 1022.
6, DES VŒUX ROAD.

WM. POWELL, LD.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

SMART MATERIALS

FOR

THE RACES.

EXCLUSIVE FOOTWEAR.

LADIES' SHOE DEPARTMENT.

THE DISTILLERS COMPANY'S
DRY AND OLD TOM LONDON GINS

THE "SHIELD" TRADE MARK

SOLE AGENTS

CANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS

Tel No. 135 6, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong

WAR TELEGRAMS.

FAVOURABLE CONDITION OF CANADIAN FINANCES

February 15, 8.10 p.m.
 Reuter's correspondent at Ottawa, says that the Minister of Finance has presented a Budget showing the remarkably favourable condition of Canadian finances as a result of increased revenues and economies. The largest aggregate trade in the history of the Dominion was recorded. The revenue for the year ending March 31 would exceed the estimate by twenty million dollars. The loans raised in America and Canada have been most successful and \$50,000,000 has been placed to the credit of the Imperial Treasury for munitions manufactured in Canada. Industry and thrift are supreme patriotic duties upon which national safety might ultimately depend. Troops numbering 250,000 had been recruited and these were to be increased to half a million. Means must be devised to equip and maintain this force.

FRUIT FROM THE DOMINIONS.

February 15, 8.25 p.m.
 It is officially announced that the restriction as to imports of fruit does not apply to the Dominions.

A SCARE IN DENMARK.

February 15, 8.25 p.m.
 According to Reuter's correspondent at Copenhagen, three women have been sentenced to imprisonment at Flensburg for spreading a rumour that British troops had landed in Schleswig, which caused immense excitement, many of the inhabitants fleeing.

THE ARETHUSA CASUALTIES.

February 15, 10.15 p.m.
 The Arethusa casualties are stated to be eight wounded and twelve missing.

SUGAR SUPPLIES.

February 15, 10.15 p.m.
 The Sugar Commission announces that, as a result of the limitation of imports, the supplies available in 1916 will probably be 20 to 25 per cent. below those of 1915.

RESIGNATION OF LORD MURRAY OF ELIBANK.

February 15, 10.15 p.m.
 Lord Murray of Elibank has resigned his post of honorary director-general of munitions and recruiting, owing to ill-health.

IMPORTATION PROHIBITIONS.

February 15, 11.10 p.m.
 A Proclamation prohibits the importation, except under licence, of paper, cardboard, pulp or other materials for paper-making and of periodicals exceeding sixteen pages (except when sent singly by post) tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, furniture woods, stores and stores. Another Proclamation prohibits British vessels, except coasters, from starting on any voyage without the licence of the Board of Trade.

THE NEAR EAST.

February 16, 12.30 a.m.
 A Petrograd communique says: After an artillery preparation we stormed another of the Erzrum forts and took over twenty guns, munitions, and a number of prisoners.

February 16, 7.25 a.m.
 A Petrograd communique says: In the Caucasus seven more of the Erzrum forts have been captured.

POOLING OF MUNITIONS.

February 16, 8.15 a.m.
 Reuter's correspondent at Paris says that M. Thomas, Minister of Munitions, has returned and says he has reached a complete understanding with the Italians, similar to that with Great Britain, as to the pooling of munitions. General Dallio will henceforth participate in the periodical meetings with Mr. Lloyd George.

ENEMY FORCES AT MONASTIR.

February 16, 7.35 a.m.
 Reuter's correspondent at Salonica says that according to reliable information from Monastir, the enemy forces in that region do not exceed ten thousand, of whom three thousand are Germans and the rest Bulgarians.

ENEMY TRADING.

Judge's Strictures on Hankow Firm.

Judgment was delivered in H. M. Provincial Court at Hankow on the 5th inst., by Mr. H. J. Bratt, Vice-Consul. Additional Judge, in the case in which the firm of H. E. Arnold was charged on three counts with trading with the enemy.

The first charge was that Messrs. H. E. Arnold, on or about December 7, 1915, unlawfully obtained from Messrs. Arnold, Karberg & Co. of Hankow, an enemy, 9,905 gunny bags, contrary to the provisions of Regulation II of the Trading with the Enemy (Amendment) Regulations, 1915. The second charge was that defendants, on or about December 12, 1915, unlawfully supplied to or for the use of Messrs. Arnold, Karberg & Co. of Hankow, twenty tarpaulins. The third charge was that on or about December 10, 1915, defendants unlawfully paid to or for the benefit of Messrs. Arnold, Karberg & Co. of Hankow, sums of money aggregating HK\$101.59, being the price of certain electrical appliances. On the first charge, defendants were fined £20; on the second, £5 (the Judge holding that Mr. A. G. Markter, manager of defendants' export department, honestly thought that defendants were entitled to deliver the tarpaulins); and, on the third charge, £20. The Judge, in conclusion, said: "I feel it my duty to remark that the facts disclosed in the course of these proceedings, including certain evidence which had only an indirect bearing on the cases before the Court (it has not influenced my decisions) have conveyed to my mind the irresistible impression that the relations between Messrs. H. E. Arnold and Arnold Karberg and Co. of Hankow, are of a more intimate and friendly nature than one has a right to expect in the case of a British and a German firm under existing conditions."

SHARE MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Up to the Minute.

Unions	Insurance
\$947. buyers.	
Yangtze	— \$250, sellers.
China Fines	— \$158, buyers.
Douglases	— \$125, sellers.
Steam boats	— \$191, buyers.
Shells	— 96, buyers.
Star Ferries	— \$40, buyers.
China Sugars	— \$140, buyers.
Lazos	— \$40, buyers.
Kowloon Docks	— (Old) \$97, buyers.
Kowloon Docks	— (New) \$93, buyers.
Humphreys Estates	— \$6.20, buyers.
China Providents	— \$10.10, buyers.
Langkats	— Tls. 38, buyers.

LOCAL SPORT.

CRICKET.

H.K.C.C. v. Civil Service.
 The following will represent the Hongkong Cricket Club against the Civil Service C.C. on the Club ground on Saturday 19th February at 2.15 p.m.—Messrs. T. E. Pearce (Capt.), P. R. Butler, A. L. Gace, M. M. Maas, E. J. E. Mitchell, Lt. Col. Morgan, H. E. Muriel, E. B. Reed, F. Syme-Thomson, H. E. Taylor and A. Whitmarsh.

FOOTBALL.

Islamics v. University XI.
 The University yesterday sustained another defeat at the hands of the Islamics, to the tune of two goals to nil, but it must be said that the Islamics' victory was not easily secured. The University, as usual, put up a really good fight, and had luck against them, many good attempts failing narrowly. The Islamics' combination was not as good as usual, and they missed many good openings through lack of co-operation. Still, they were undoubtedly the superior team. They attacked most determinedly, and eventually a fine shot found the net, giving the goalies little or no chance of clearing. From the centre, the University cleverly broke away and soon had the leather before the Islamics' goal, but were most unfortunately "nipped in the bud" by the backs whose play was good; they tackled beautifully and soon cleared. Play was then confined to mid-field, and the half time whistle found the Islamics leading by the only score.

On resuming, the University again pressed hard, and a goal seemed inevitable, the goalies aided by the backs, succeeded in clearing after a very narrow shave at the goal's mouth. The Islamics now broke off beautifully and after tackling the backs, Moosdin had the leather all on his own, but was too excited and failed to put on the "finishing touch," the leather going wide. The Islamics then played determinedly, and soon put up another attack on the University's goal, this time Jackson, boasting the goalies with a clever shot. Thence onward, play was evenly contested, and the final whistle found the Islamics winners by two goals to nil.

Staffs and Departmentals v. Lam Hong.

This match, which was to be played on the Club ground, did not come off, owing to the failure on the part of the Chinese to put in a team.

H. K. F. C. v. K. S. L. L.
 The Hongkong team for this match, to be played on Saturday, is—J. Rodger; F. W. Hsok, J. McCubbin; M. L. Bailton, J. Stewart, T. E. Chassels; G. A. Robinson, W. A. Vivesah, J. Walker, H. E. McLeish and J. Stalker.

between Messrs. H. E. Arnold and Arnold Karberg and Co. of Hankow, are of a more intimate and friendly nature than one has a right to expect in the case of a British and a German firm under existing conditions.

The costs allowed to the Crown were \$250 in all.

THE BARALONG CASE.

Sir Edward Gray's Reply.

The following is Sir Edward Gray's reply to the American Ambassador in London concerning the charges made by Germany in the Baralong case—
 Foreign Office, December 14, 1915.

Your Excellency,
 I have had the honour of receiving your communication of the 6th instant, covering a memorandum of the German Government in regard to incidents alleged to have attended the destruction of a German submarine and its crew by H.M. auxiliary cruiser Baralong on August 19 last.

The German Government base on these alleged incidents a demand that the commanding officer and other responsible parties on board H.M.S. Baralong shall be brought to trial for murder and duly punished.

His Majesty's Government note with great satisfaction, though with some surprise, the anxiety now expressed by the German Government that the principles of civilized warfare should be vindicated, and that due punishment should be meted out to those who deliberately disregard them. It is true that the incident which has suddenly reminded the German Government that such principles exist is one in which the alleged criminals were British and not German. But His Majesty's Government do not for a moment suppose that it is the intention to restrict unduly the scope of any judicial investigation which it is thought proper to institute.

Now it is evident that to single out the case of the Baralong for particular examination would be the height of absurdity. Even were the allegations on which the German Government rely accepted as they stand (and His Majesty's Government do not so accept them), the charge against the commander and crew of the Baralong is negligible compared with the crimes which seem to have been deliberately committed by German officers, both on land and sea, against combatants and non-combatants.

German Frigatines.
 Doubtless the German Government will urge that the very multitude of these allegations would so overload any tribunal engaged in their examination as utterly to defeat the ends of justice. If, for example, a whole army be charged with murder, arson, robbery, and outrage, it is plainly impossible to devote a separate inquiry to all the individuals who have taken a share in these crimes. These practical considerations cannot be ignored and His Majesty's Government admit their force. They would, therefore, be prepared, for the present, to confine any judicial investigation to charges made against German and British officers at sea; and if even this restriction were thought insufficient, they would be content to call attention to three naval incidents which occurred during the same forty-eight hours in the course of which the Baralong sank the submarine and rescued the Nicotian.

The first incident relates to a German submarine which fired a torpedo into the Arabic and sank her. No warning was given to the merchant vessel; no efforts were made to save its unresisting crew; forty-seven non-combatants were ruthlessly sent to their death. It is understood that this act of barbarism, though in perfect harmony with the earlier policy of the German Government, was contrary to orders recently issued. This, however, if true, only increases the responsibility of the submarine commander; and His Majesty's Government have received no information indicating that the authorities have pursued in his case the course they recommend in the case of the crew of the Baralong, by trying him for murder.

The second incident occurred on the same day. A German destroyer found a British submarine stranded on the Danish coast. The submarine had not been pursued there by the destroyer; she was in neutral waters; she was incapable, either of offence or defence. The destroyer opened fire upon her, and when her crew attempted to swim

LANGKAT OUTPUT.

Messrs. Wright and Hornby advise us that the Langkat output for the current month is as follows:—

February	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total to 16th inst.	Daily average
	222	203	188	203	194	183	181	190	157	144	144	152	143	149	210	211	2,884	180.25

THE SARDINIA'S CARGO.

The cargo shipped from Hongkong by the Sardinia on the 11th inst. is as follows:—

London—32 bales of feathers, 400 cases of cassia, 12 cases of bamboo ware, 4,698 rolls of mats, 1,000 bales of canvas, 24 cases of soapstone curios, and 1 case of periodical cuttings.

Gibraltar—2 cases of silk goods.

Lyons—203 bales of raw silk. Marseilles—1,365 chests of tea, 62 bales of human hair, 10 bales of raw silk.

Port Said—400 cases of canned goods, 1 case of silk-grass cloth and curios, 1 case of Red Cross bandages.

Suez—One case of silk, and one case of silk grass cloth.

ashore, the destroyer opened fire upon them also with no apparent object but to destroy a helpless enemy. There was here no excuse of hot blood; the crew of the British submarine had done nothing to rouse the fury of their opponents. They had not just murdered forty-seven innocent non-combatants. They were not taking possession of a German ship, or committing any act injurious to German interests. So far as His Majesty's Government know the facts, the officers and men of this destroyer committed a crime against humanity and the laws of war, which is at least as worthy of judicial inquiry as any other which has occurred during the course of recent naval operations.

The third incident occurred some forty-eight hours later. The steamer Ruel was attacked by a German submarine. The ship, which had made no resistance, began to sink, the crew took to their boats, and while endeavouring to save themselves were fired upon both with shrapnel and rifle fire. One man was killed, eight others (including the master) were severely wounded. The sworn testimony on which these statements are based shows no reason whatever which could justify this cold-blooded and cowardly outrage.

A British Officer.
 It seems to His Majesty's Government that these three incidents, almost simultaneous in point of time, and not differing greatly in point of character, might, with the case of the Baralong, be brought before some impartial Court of investigation, say, for example, a tribunal composed of officers belonging to the United States Navy. If this were agreed to, His Majesty's Government would do all in their power to further the inquiry, and to do their part in taking such further steps as justice and the findings of the Court might seem to require.

His Majesty's Government do not think it necessary to make any reply to the suggestion that the British Navy has been guilty of inhumanity. According to the latest figures available, the number of German sailors rescued from drowning, often in circumstances of great difficulty and peril, amounts to 1,150. The German Navy can show no such record, perhaps through want of opportunity.

I have, &c., E. GREY.

HARBOUR OFFENCES.

A Conflict of Evidence.

Before Commissioner C. W. Beckwith, R.N., at the Marine Court this morning, P. C. Moore (Reserve) charged Wong Pak, coxswain of the steam launch Tai Cheung, with unlawfully carrying 20 passengers on board his launch in excess of the number allowed by his licence on the 31st ultimo.

Defendant pleaded not guilty. P. C. Moore stated that he was crossing to Hongkong from Yamati by the ferry launch Tai Cheung, on January 31, when he noticed that there were a large number of passengers on board the launch, which had a distinct list. He called the coxswain and told him to count the passengers with him. The coxswain was on duty, so he sent the shroff, and they found 158 persons all told. The launch's passenger licence showed 136. The shroff and coxswain admitted an excess of passengers at the time.

Wong Pak, coxswain of the steam launch Tai Cheung, stated that he was coxswain of the launch on the 31st January. He did not see P. C. Moore, nor did he ask him to count the passengers. He had no passengers in excess.

Kwok Man, shroff of the steam launch Tai Cheung, stated that he was on board the launch on January 31 and did not count the passengers with P. C. Moore on the passage to Hongkong, there were no passengers in excess.

His Worship adjourned the case until to-morrow morning at 10.30.

P. C. Thomas Pereira (Reserve) charged Chan Kuo, boatman, with unlawfully rowing a small boat in the Harbour during prohibited hours, and with unlawfully failing to exhibit a white light visible all round at least 3 feet above the gunwale at 8.15 p.m., on the 16th inst. A fine of \$1 for each offence was imposed.

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.

Corps Orders issued to-day by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman V. D. state:—

Joined.
 Private W. G. Goggin joined the Corps on 16. 2. 16 allotted Corps No. 1979 and posted to Scouts Company (No. 3 Section).

Leave.
 Pte. H. G. H. Griffith is granted leave of absence from 17. 2. 16 to 4. 3. 16.

Pte. H. L. Donny is granted leave of absence from 22. 2. 16 to 7. 3. 16.

Resignation.
 No. 1787 Pte. N. P. Thomson is permitted to resign (left the Colony), dated 17.2.16.

Engineer Company.
 The following extract from Orders by Chief Engineer China Command, is published for information:—

The undermentioned members of the Engineer Co., H.K.V.C. are raised to the "Proficient" rate of Engineer pay with effect from 11. 2. 16.—Electrician: No. 1833 Sapper McKay, D. M. Engine Driver: No. 1741 Sapper Kerr. W.

Parades for Friday, 18th inst. 5.15 p.m. Nos. 3 & 4 Sub-sections Art. Batty. (as detailed in Corps Order No. 4 dated 30.12.15)—10-powder gun drill at Headquarters. Sergt. Bradley R.G.A. will attend.

5.15 p.m. Right Section M.G. Co.—Defaulters drill at Headquarters, under Co. Sergeant Major Witchell. O.C.'s, other Sections and Companies should instruct their own defaulters, if any, to attend this parade.

5.15 p.m. No. 3 Section Scouts Co. (all members) M.G. instruction at Headquarters.

5.30 p.m. Engineer Co. Squad drill and Ministry exercises on Kowloon Cricket Club ground, and Sergt. Major Higby.

On duty until morning of 18th inst. H.K.V.R.

On duty 18th inst. Centre Section M.G. Co.

On duty 19th inst. Civil Service Company.

Orderly Office: from 18th inst. Lieut. Preston.

Notice.
 Engineer Company: January pay can be obtained on application at Capt. Russell's Office.

CHINESE EDITOR CHARGED.

Alleged Reflections on President Yuan and General Lung.

Wong Hui-ten, editor of the Chinese paper Yin Cheung Po, was again charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, this afternoon with publishing matter likely to excite disorder in China.

Mr. G. N. Orme appeared to prosecute, and accused was defended by Mr. J. H. Gardiner.

In opening the case, Mr. Orme said that it was a very simple case as far as the evidence was concerned. The accused was charged with the publication of two paragraphs in his paper, which was started in Hongkong in December. It was in the issue of January 11 that the paragraphs appeared, one reflecting on a person named Lung, who was at present Governor General of Canton and responsible for the good Government of Kwangtung Province. The second paragraph reflected on President Yuan Shih-kai, the ruler of China. It was only necessary for him (Mr. Orme) to show that there was sufficient evidence upon which a jury might convict. If his Worship would peruse the passages he would be able to form his own opinion. The evidence he proposed calling was to prove the translations and to produce an affidavit signed by the accused as printer and publisher. Defendant had omitted his surname from the paper. He was arrested on a Deportation Warrant but the present charge was subsequently framed against him. When charged, he replied "I have nothing to say."

Replying to Mr. Gardiner, Mr. Orme said that he was relying on the whole of the paragraphs and not upon "any particularly scurrilous passage." Evidence was then taken. The case was adjourned until Thursday next at 12 o'clock.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

"The Melbournes" to open To-morrow.

The current picture programme at the Victoria Theatre includes a good film representation of "As You Like It" and a splendid new "Wiflies" picture in colour.

Our readers are reminded that, to-morrow night, the Melbourne Comedy Company, which has arrived in the Colony after fourteen successful weeks in Shanghai, will give its first performance. Included in the opening programme are some of the Company's greatest successes. "The Bachelor's Dream" with Mr. Tom Melbourn as the Bachelor, Miss Eileen Melbourn as the Girl from London and from Japan, Miss Ada Edney as the Nurse and the Girl from Spain, (all of whom the Bachelor in his young days has made love to), is one of the pieces that never fail to please. Miss Eileen Melbourn will sing Eubenstein's Melody in F. and Miss Ada Edney "Blue Eyes." Several concerted numbers will also be given.

TO-DAY'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE.

WISEMAN, LTD.

IN ORDER to meet the wishes of our Customers who will be attending the RACE MEETING, we are serving hot and cold Tiffin at the Cafe, from 11 a.m. on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY. SPECIAL MENU \$1.00 per head or a la Carte. Hongkong, 17th February, 1916.

TO LET.

TO LET—A splendid set of Office Rooms on the First floor of No. 10, Des Voeux Road Central (above the Robinson Piano Co.) comprising three large and two small rooms with out-houses and servants' quarters. The Premises are being thoroughly repaired and renovated. Centrally located in the vicinity of the banks and shipping offices. Rent moderate.

Apply to—
 MOW FUNG & CO.
 10, Des Voeux Road Central.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH EXTRA

HONGKONG THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1916.

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

BIG RUSSIAN SUCCESS.

ERZERUM CAPTURED.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph".]

February 16, 6.25 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says it is officially announced that Erzerum has been captured.

THE EFFECT OF THE CAPTURE.

February 16, 8.00 p.m.

The capture of Erzerum by the Russians is welcomed enthusiastically. It may mean that the Turkish resistance in Armenia is broken for good, and will have an excellent moral effect on the campaigns in Mesopotamia and Persia.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE IN AMERICA.

TWO STEAMERS DESTROYED BY FIRE.

February 16, 6.00 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at New York states that a fire, believed to be incendiary, has destroyed the steamers Bolton Castle and Pacific, as well as scores of scows and lighters and 900 feet of the pier at Brooklyn.

The steamers were loading for Vladivostok, when an explosion in the boilers forced the seamen to jump into the water. Over twenty-five firemen of the Bolton Castle are missing. The loss amounts to over a million dollars.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[The opinions expressed by the correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph".]

SANITARY BOARD ELECTION.

(To the Editor of the Hongkong Telegraph.)

Sir, I fail to understand why the four nominees of the other candidate should state that Dr. Ozorio claims that he would represent the Portuguese Section of the Community if he should be elected to the vacant seat on the Sanitary Board. From a careful perusal of their letter it appears to me that Mr. Pollock and his co-nominees desire to convey to the minds of the unbiased public that Dr. Ozorio would look after the interests of the Portuguese Community only and not of the other inhabitants of the Colony at all.

The insinuation also that the man with higher scientific qualifications would act in a more impartial manner is uncalled for and absurd, because Dr. Ozorio in his address to the electors clearly stated that, if elected, he would always keep in mind the general welfare of "the rate-payers and other inhabitants of Hongkong."

Does Mr. Pollock construe this as meaning the welfare of the Portuguese Community only? If this is his interpretation then I am...

Yours faithfully,

ELECTOR.
Hongkong, February 17, 1916.

Forthcoming Marriage.

The notice board at the office of the Registrar of Marriages bears the names of Lieut. Col. Henry Wilson M.C., R.G.A., 32, The Peak, and Mrs. Alma Sydney Iris Hewett, Ridge House, Broadwood Road.

WISDOM WHILE YOU WAIT.

Mr. G. Apperson.—The modern girl's gymnasium would have made our great grandmothers faint.

Father Bernard Vaughan.—In the present day we are so taken up with trying to improve others and to ameliorate their conditions that we forget to be good ourselves.

Mr. O. L. Williams.—It is the amateur who gets the most enjoyment out of music.

Mr. Roy Campbell.—Do not trust entirely to "literary garlands" and "elegant extracts," but read for yourselves the works of authors of merit even though not generally popular.

Mr. Douglas Cole.—Working men are too apt to figure the Oxford student as a bloated and plutocratic individual, full of class arrogance and superciliousness; whereas many are ill enough off and of small pretensions.

Sir Lander Branton.—Long ago we thought that the deaths from consumption were only to be met in a spirit of resignation; but now we know that if we allow people to die of consumption it is our own fault.

Mr. W. J. Eccott.—History is, if not the worst taught, the worst learned subject in our schools.

Mr. Alfred Kalisch.—Every great creator in art is the end of one process of development and the beginning of another.

Mr. Aylmer Maude.—The censorship in Russia is a valuable institution—because it serves to indicate the books which intelligent people would care to read!

Rev. R. L. White.—We seem nowadays to live on the surface; life, indeed, runs so fast that it never appears to be very deep.

Theatre Collapses Under Weight of Snow.

Flagstaff, Arizona, Dec. 31.—The Majestic Opera House here collapsed to-day under the weight of snow which has fallen steadily for the last forty-eight hours, and which continued unabated to-day.

YACHTING.

Royal Hongkong Yacht Club.

The results of the seventh of the series of Club Championship Races for the Handicap and One Design Classes are as follows:—

Handicap Class.

Course.—Channel Rock (P), Kowloon Rock (P), North Fairway Buoy (P), Distance 10.1 miles.

Yacht.	Start on Course.	Finishing Time.	Corrected Time.
M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.
Dionea	Scratch	5.41.11	5.41.11
Bona	Scratch	5.14.11	5.14.11
La Linda	1.41	5.47.35	5.45.54
Kathleen	5.53	5.58.57	5.53.04
Colleen	6.44	5.59.55	5.53.11
Dorothea	10.06	D.N.S.	—
Ayesha	10.08	D.N.S.	—
Buccaneer	15.09	D.N.S.	—

Position	for Race	to date
(1) Bona	9	51
(2) Colleen	7	43
(3) Dionea	6	50
(4) La Linda	5	29
(5) Kathleen	4	36
— Dorothea	—	—
— Ayesha	—	—
— Buccaneer	—	—

One Design Class.

Course.—Trocas Rock (P), North Fairway Buoy (P), Distance 8.45 miles.

Yacht.	Start on Course.	Finishing Time.	Corrected Time.
M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.	H.M.
Ailsa	Scratch	5.43.57	5.43.57
Daphne	"	5.58.32	5.43.32
Halcyon	"	5.59.24	5.59.24
Bonita	"	6.12.03	6.12.03

Position	for Race	to date
(1) Ailsa	5	27
(2) Daphne	3	27
(3) Halcyon	2	12
(4) Bonita	1	6

Heyward Hays and Gael Classes. Course.—Trocas Rock (P), North Fairway Buoy (P), Distance 8.45 miles.

On account of the course not being completed by first boat of this class within the time limit viz. 6 p.m., the race will require to be re-sailed.

CHINA'S FOREIGN TRADE.

Hongkong Heads the Exports List.

There has just been issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs a bulky volume giving an analysis of foreign trade with China during the year 1914, dealing more especially with the export of Chinese produce to foreign countries. For the year under review it is shown that the value of the exports amounted to 345,280,874 Haikwan Taels, whereas in the previous year they totalled 403,350,546 Hk. Tls., and in 1912 370,520,403 Hk. Tls. Of the first-named total no less than 23,399,758 Hk. Tls. worth of produce was exported to Hongkong, this being by far the largest amount exported to any single port or country. Japan comes an easy second with 63,476,859 Hk. Tls. Apart from Hongkong, 20,113,756 Hk. Tls. worth were exported to Great Britain and British possessions.

In an appendix is set out the total imports into China for the same period and here it is shown that the imports during 1914 were represented by a sum of 589,417,881 Hk. Tls.; during 1913, 645,067,211 Hk. Tls.; and during 1912, 540,129,905 Hk. Tls. It is not stated into which countries these goods were imported.

During 1914 the value of the Haikwan Taels was given as 2,834

COMPANY REPORT.

The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.

The report of the above Company, for presentation to shareholders at the twenty-ninth ordinary annual meeting, to be held at the office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., on Thursday, March 2, at 11.30 a.m. states:—

The Directors beg to submit to shareholders their report with a statement of accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1915.

The profit on working was \$471,291.75 as compared with \$507,080.03 in 1914.

The balance at credit of Profit and Loss account, including \$101,107.41 brought forward from last year, and after deducting Directors' and Auditors' fees, and paying for all interest and repairs, amounts to \$471,895.67, which it is proposed to appropriate as follows:—

To pay a dividend of 7 per cent. from working profits	\$210,000.00
To write off Launches	10,009.00
To write off Lighters	50,000.00
To write off Machinery	20,000.00
To write off Kowloon Wharves	40,500.00
To write off West Point Wharf	500.00
To write off Railways and Rolling Stock	10,000.00
To transfer to European Employees' Provident Fund	25,000.00
To carry forward to new account	105,895.67
	\$471,895.67

Business.—Considering the abnormal conditions the returns from all sources may be considered satisfactory.

Wharves.—The repairs to No. 3 Wharf were proceeded with as opportunities offered. A number of new steel piles were driven, and at the centre the Wharf is being strengthened by submarine bracing. A start has been made on the New Steamer Wharf and it is expected the erection of the wharf will be completed about the end of 1916.

Launches.—The Albatross was sold during the year.

Lighters.—The whole fleet is now in commission.

Directors.—The directors have to record with much regret the death of the Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewett, C.M.G.; Messrs. A. S. Couland and C. S. Gubbay retire according to the Articles of Association and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors.—Messrs. F. Maitland and H. Percy Smith, F.C.A., have audited the accounts now presented and offer themselves for re-election.

DAVID LANDALE,

Chairman.
Hongkong, 21st January, 1916.

DAY BY DAY.

Civil Service List.

The Hongkong Civil Service List for 1916 has now been published.

The Andre Lebon.

The Messageries Maritimes Co. has issued invitations for an inspection by guests of their new mail steamer Andre Lebon on Saturday next, from 8.30 to 4.30 p.m.

BANKS

REISHY ONO, Manager

THE DALIN MARU
DISASTER.

No Bodies Discovered.

It is reported from Nagasaki that on the 6th and 7th a warship and a merchant steamer made a search for the s.s. Daijin Maru, which sunk off Swatow after a collision with the Linan. While the search was being made the weather was stormy. Not a single body was discovered. It is reported from Nagasaki that according to a report received from the Captain of the s.s. Taiji Maru, the steamer made a careful search for the bodies of those lost in the Daijin Maru on the 4th, without finding any of the missing men. The bodies have been probably carried out to sea by the current. The O.S.E., however, ordered the Taiji Maru to repair once more to the scene of the disaster on the 7th.

NOTICE.

NOTICE

The undersigned Banks beg to notify their constituents, and the public generally, that on and after 1st March proximo no Comproadors orders, other than Cash orders issued by Banks will be accepted in payment of Collections or amounts due to the Banks; Comproadors orders will not be received for credit of Constituents' Current Accounts.

(Signed) The Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China.
(Signed) The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
(Signed) The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.
(Signed) The Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.
(Signed) Banque de l'Indo-Chine.
(Signed) The Russo-Asiatic Bank.
(Signed) The International Banking Corporation.
(Signed) The Netherlands Trading Society.
(Signed) The Netherlands India Commercial Bank.
(Signed) The Bank of Taiwan, Ltd.
(Signed) The Bank of Canton, Ltd.

THE HONGKONG & KOW-
LOON WHARF & GODOWN
CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the OFFICES of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on THURSDAY, the 2nd March, 1916, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1915.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st February to 2nd March BOTH DAYS INCLUSIVE.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. S. Brown,
Secretary,
Hongkong, 15th February, 1916.

POST OFFICE.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Ships in communication with Cape D'Agular Radio Telegraph Station—
Tosyo Maru Andre Labon
Monteagle Aki Maru

MAILS DUE.

Shanghai, Amoy, 18th Feb.
Europe, London 21st Feb. via Siberia
Andre Labon, 19th Feb.
Australia, Sydney, 19th Feb.
Australia, St. Albans, 20th Feb.
Europe (English Mail), Nankin, 20th Feb.

MAILS CLOSE TO-DAY.

Swatow, Amoy & Fuzhou—Per HAI-
CHING, 17th Feb. 5 p.m.
Swatow & Bangkok—Per CHANG-
CHOW, 17th Feb. 5 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Saigon—Per HANDMET, 18th Feb. 11
a.m.
Swatow, Amoy & Fuzhou—Per HAI-
CHING, 18th Feb. 1 p.m.
Saigon—Per TAIKANG, 18th Feb. 5 p.m.

SATURDAY, 19th Feb.

Hankow & Haiphong—Per LOESANG,
19th Feb. 7 a.m.
Chinwangtao—Per JINJU MARU, 19th
Feb. 11 a.m.
Saigon, Straits, Burmah,
Ceylon, Adelaide, Western
Australia, India, Aden, Egypt
& Europe—Per ANDRE
LABON, 19th Feb. 4 p.m.
Wahaiwai & Tientsin—Per HUICHOW,
19th Feb. 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, 20th Feb.

Swatow, Amoy & Fuzhou via Tamsui—
Per KALMO, 20th Feb. 9 a.m.
Swatow—Per HAIMUN, 20th Feb.
9 a.m.
Shanghai and North China
(Europe via Siberia)—Per
CHENAN, 19th Feb. 5 p.m.
(Shanghai Br. P.O. Wednesday, 23rd Feb.)

MONDAY, 21st Feb.

Shanghai and North China
(Europe via Siberia)—Per
CHENAN, 21st Feb. 11 a.m.
(Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday, 26th Feb.)

TUESDAY, 22nd Feb.

American, Canadian, Siberian
Shanghai, N. China, Japan via
Mojil, Canada via Victoria, B.C.
North & South America, via
Seattle (Europe via Siberia)—
Per TAKAKURA MARU,
22nd Feb. 11 a.m.
(Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday, 26th Feb.)
Philippine Islands—Per CHINEUA, 22nd
Feb. 5 p.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per ANHUI,
22nd Feb. 5 p.m.
Siberian Mail, Shanghai, North China, Japan
via Mojil, Europe via Siberia
—Per KORE, 22nd Feb. 5 p.m.
(Shanghai Br. P.O. Saturday, 26th Feb.)

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Laertes, Br. ss. 1461, A. Jankyn, 16th
Feb.—Saigon, 11th Feb. Rice and
Gen.—China.
Waibing, Br. ss. 1170, Pickard, 17th
Feb.—Bangkok, 7th Feb. Gen.—
J.M. & Co.
Wing Sam, Br. ss. 1715, T. H. Lishman,
17th Feb.—Wuhu, 11th Feb.
Eloa—J.M. & Co.
Futaba, Br. ss. 2173, S. G. Carr, 17th
Feb.—Colombo, 1st Feb. Gen.—
D.R. & Co.

DEPARTED.

Feb. 15.
Hiroshima Maru for Tokyo
Shantung for Canton
Monteagle for Vancouver via Shanghai
Volcano for Amoy via Swatow
Wolluna for Saigon

CLEARANCES AT THE
HARBOUR OFFICE

Feb. 16.
Wong-ai Shanghai
Kama for London via Kolschlag

Feb. 17.
Hongkong for Haiphong via Hainan
Cheonan for Canton
Chiyeon for Shanghai
Ozumi Maru for Tokyo
Changchow for Bangkok via Swatow
Hsiao-chow for Canton
Chipsing for Tientsin via Wahaiwai
Hoping for Shanghai via Swatow
Sungkiang for Haiphong via Hainan
Wingsang for Canton
Shuangtung for Shanghai

THURSDAY, 24th Feb.

Shanghai, N. China (Japan via Kobe)—
Per MIYASAKA MARU,
24th Feb. 9 a.m.
Shanghai, N. China (Japan via Kobe)—
Per KITANO MARU, 24th
Feb. 9 a.m.
Straits, Ceylon, Dismahoodi, Durban,
Cape Town, Tientsin and Lon-
don—Per KITACHI MARU,
24th Feb. 11 a.m.

Ungliat Mail.
Straits, Burmah, Ceylon, Ade-
laid, Western Australia, In-
dia, Aden, Egypt and Europe.
The parcel mail will be closed
on Wednesday, 23rd Feb. at
5 p.m.—Per NAMUR, 24th
Feb. 5 p.m.

FRIDAY, 25th Feb.

Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou—Per HAI-
CHING, 25th Feb. 1 p.m.

MONDAY, 28th Feb.

Australia, Tasmania, New
Zealand, via Port Darwin, and
New Guinea via Thursday Is-
land—Per TAIYUAN, 28th Feb. 11
a.m.

Oysters, Fresh, Fried or Stewed
Findon Haddocks, Kippers &c.
ALEXANDRA CAFE.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 17th at 11.45—The anticyclone
has moved eastward. It is now central
over S. Korea.

Pressure has increased slightly to
moderately over Japan. It is nearly
stationary elsewhere.

Fresh monsoon is indicated over the N.
China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours
ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.10 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS
ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District. Forecast.

1 Hongkong to Gap Rock. East winds,
fresh; sea.

2 Formosa Channel. N.E. winds,
fresh.

3 South coast of China between H.K. and Loo-choo. The same
as No. 1.

4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan. The same
as No. 1.

China Coast Meteorological Register.
17th February, a.m.

Station. Hour. Barometer. Temperature. Humidity. Wind. Direction. Force. Weather.

Wanchow 6a. 29.53 0

Hankow 6a. 30.13 0

Tientsin 6a. 30.13 0

Kobe 6a. 30.13 0

Nagasaki 6a. 30.13 0

Kyushu 6a. 30.13 0

Osaka 6a. 30.13 0

Yokohama 6a. 30.13 0

Shanghai 6a. 30.13 0

Amoy 6a. 30.13 0

Swatow 6a. 30.13 0

Shanghai 6a. 30.13 0

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PUBLIC AUCTION.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,
AUCTIONEER, SHARE &
GENERAL BROKER.

HE Underigned has received
instructions from the Liquid-
ators of Messrs. F. Blackhead
& Co. to sell by Public Auction

on
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY,
FRIDAY & SATURDAY the
16th, 17th 18th & 19th
February 1916

commencing each day
at 11 a.m.

(and subsequent dates which
will be notified later)

at Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co's
Store, Ice House Road.

A Large Quantity of Ship-
chandler's Stores, etc., etc.

comprising—

Brass cheek, angle and globe
valves, brass elbows, tees, nip-
ples, coupling and unions, brass
and iron screws and split pins,
iron and wooden blocks, engine-
ers' and carpenters' tools,
assorted files and Twist drills,
engine packing, iron ware for ship
use, canvas, rubber and armoured
hose, belting, paint, varnish and
enamel, rubber sheeting and in-
sertions, cooling stoves and
utensils.

etc. etc. etc.

Also

1 Detachable motor, 2 H.P.

and

1 American Safe.

On view from Monday, the
14th February 1916.

Catalogue will be issued.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.

NOTICES.

THE SANITARY BOARD
ELECTION.

TO THE ELECTORS.

Gentlemen,

I have been requested by a large
number of my friends to offer
myself as a candidate at the
forthcoming Sanitary Board
Election.

I was born and educated in
Hongkong, am a Bachelor in
Surgery and Bachelor of Medicine
of the University of Hongkong
and have practised medicine in
this Colony since 1912. During
that time my work has taken me
mainly among the middle and
poorer classes, and I have thus
had peculiar opportunities of
realising the hygienic needs of
those who live on the lower levels
and in Kowloon, and of seeing
wherein lies the need for sanitary
reform in the Colony as a whole.

I have made—and am making
—a close study of Hygiene, and
not merely from a theoretical
point of view; and I venture to
claim that my ideas and methods
on all sanitation questions are
practical and up to date. My
work as Medical Officer to many
large charitable institutions—
amongst which are the Blind
Home at Kowloon and the St.
Lewis Industrial School (West
Point)—provides me with an
ever-increasing stock of valuable
experience.

Should you see fit to elect me
to the vacancy created by the
departure of Dr. Fitzwilliams, I
readily pledge myself to follow
the excellent lines laid down by
that gentleman—especially in
regard to the water-cum-
system and other important
matters.

I am an advocate for efficiency
combined with strict economy
and, if elected, I undertake to
keep always in mind the general
all-round welfare of the rate-
payers and other inhabitants of
Hongkong.

I have the honour to remain,
Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,
F. M. GRACA OZORIO,
M.B., B.S.

Hongkong, 15th February 1916.

NOTICE

I have this day commenced
business as Merchant and Com-
mission Agent under the firm
name of FRANK SMITH & CO.,
at No. 6 Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong.

F. H. SMITH.

Hongkong, 11th February, 1916.

NOTICE

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business as Merchant and Com-
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F. H. SMITH.

Hongkong, 11th February, 1916.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18th.

After an enormous success in Shanghai, The Debut of

TOM MELBOURNE

And

his clever Company in

"THE PASSING SHOW."

The Magnificent Hunting Drawing in 3 Reels—

"THE CULPRIT"

PATHE'S LATEST BRITISH GAZETTE

SATURDAY'S Matinee—"THE CULPRIT"

SATURDAY'S Matinee—"THE CULPRIT"

SATURDAY'S Matinee—"THE CULPRIT"

SATURDAY'S Matinee—"THE CULPRIT"

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